



Figure S1. Hypoxia tolerance varies with developmental time and severity of stress. (A-C) Phenotypic categorization and survival of embryos subjected to increasing durations of hypoxic stress at either 0.3% or 1% oxygen. The milder 1% oxygen exposure is better tolerated, as is exposure earlier in development, demonstrated by increased abnormal and/or dead embryos for the same duration of hypoxia initiated in older embryos. Mean of n = 2 biological replicates presented per condition.